UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA 2 3 CASSANDRA GROVE, Case No.: Plaintiff, 4 **Complaint for Damages:** v. Violation of Fair Credit 5 **Reporting Act** 6 NELNET SERVICING, LLC DBA 7 FIRSTMARK SERVICES: EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC.; 8 **EQUIFAX INFORMATION SERVICES** 9 LLC, and TRANSUNION LLC, 10 Defendants. 11 Plaintiff, Cassandra Grove, by and through undersigned counsel, upon information 12 and belief, hereby complains as follows: 13 I. INTRODUCTION 14 1. This action arises out of Defendants' violations of the Fair Credit Reporting 15 Act ("FCRA") whereby Plaintiff discovered inaccurate information reporting on her 16 consumer credit reports, disputed that inaccurate information, and Defendants willfully 17 or negligently refused to correct the inaccurate information on Plaintiff's consumer 18 credit report, damaging Plaintiff. 19 20 II. **PARTIES** 21 At all times pertinent hereto, Plaintiff was a "consumer" as that term is 2. 22 defined by 15 U.S.C. §1681a(3). 23 3. Defendant, Nelnet Servicing, LLC dba Firstmark Services ("Firstmark") is 24 and at all times relevant hereto was, a lending institution regularly doing business in the 25 State of Georgia. 26 4. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Firstmark is a "person" as that term 27 is defined in 15 U.S.C. §1681a(b), and also a "furnisher" of credit information as that

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28 17. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Equifax was a "person" and

term is described in 15 U.S.C. §1681s-2 et seq.

- 5. Defendant Firstmark was at all relevant times engaged in the business of attempting to collect a "debt" from Plaintiff, as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).
- 6. Defendants Firstmark is a "debt collector" as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
- 7. Defendant, Experian Information Solutions, Inc. ("Experian"), is a credit reporting agency, licensed to do business in Georgia.
- 8. Defendant Experian is, and at all times relevant hereto was, regularly doing business in the State of Georgia.
- 9. Experian is regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating, and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in 15 U.S.C. §1681a(d), to third parties.
- 10. Experian furnishes such consumer reports to third parties under contract for monetary compensation.
- 11. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Experian was a "person" and "consumer reporting agency" as those terms are defined by 15 U.S.C. §1681a(b) and (f).
- 12. Defendant Equifax Information Services LLC is a corporation existing under the laws of Georgia, with North American Headquarters in Atlanta, Georgia.
- 13. Defendant, Equifax Information Services LLC ("Equifax"), is a credit reporting agency, licensed to do business in Georgia.
- 14. Defendant Equifax is, and at all times relevant hereto was, regularly doing business in the State of Georgia.
- 15. Equifax is regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating, and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in 15 U.S.C. §1681a(d), to third parties.
- 16. Equifax furnishes such consumer reports to third parties under contract for monetary compensation.
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"consumer reporting agency" as those terms are defined by 15 U.S.C. §1681a(b) and (f).

- 18. Defendant, TransUnion LLC ("TransUnion"), is a credit reporting agency, licensed to do business in Georgia.
- 19. Defendant TransUnion is, and at all times relevant hereto was, regularly doing business in the State of Georgia.
- 20. TransUnion is regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating, and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in 15 U.S.C. §1681a(d), to third parties.
- 21. TransUnion furnishes such consumer reports to third parties under contract for monetary compensation.
- 22. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant TransUnion was a "person" and "consumer reporting agency" as those terms are defined by 15 U.S.C. §1681a(b) and (f).

III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 23. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681p, 15 U.S.C. §1692k(d), and 28 U.S.C. §1331.
 - 24. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b).

IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 25. Plaintiff is a consumer who is the victim of inaccurate reporting by Defendants Firstmark, Experian, Equifax and TransUnion (collectively, "Defendants"), and has suffered particularized and concrete harm.
- 26. Equifax, Experian and TransUnion are the three largest consumer reporting agencies ("CRAs") as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1681a(f).
- 27. The CRAs' primary business is the sale of consumer reports (commonly referred to as "credit reports") to third parties and consumers.
- 28. Experian, Equifax and TransUnion have a duty, under the FCRA, to follow reasonable procedures to ensure that the consumer reports they sell meet the standard of "maximum possible accuracy." 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b).

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her Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion consumer reports in error (the "Account"). During the course of repayment of the Accounts, Plaintiff satisfied the 30.

Plaintiff discovered the Firstmark accounts # last four -0416 and 0385 on

- Accounts in full with letters in writing from Firstmark stating that "You have been approved for Total and Permanent Disability discharge on the note listed above, effective 02/28/2022. The loan will be discharged and removed from Firstmark's servicing Your lender will not attempt to collect from you or your cosigner (if applicable)."
- 31. Plaintiff resolved her liability on the Accounts, and the balance is \$0 as the Accounts have been discharged, removed from Firstmark's servicing, and Firstmark will not attempt to collect from the borrower or cosigner of the Accounts.
- In spite of discharging the Accounts, and releasing the Plaintiff from 32. liability on Accounts, Defendant Firstmark continued, erroneously, to report a balance due and owing with derogatory status on the Accounts to Experian, Equifax, and TransUnion.
- 33. The false information regarding the Accounts appearing on Plaintiff's consumer reports harms the Plaintiff because it does not accurately depict Plaintiff's credit history and creditworthiness and overstates credit utilization.

PLAINTIFF'S WRITTEN DISPUTE

- 34. On or about June 26, 2023, Plaintiff sent a written dispute to Equifax ("Equifax Dispute"), disputing the inaccurate information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's consumer report.
- 35. On or about June 26, 2023 and August 2, 2023, Plaintiff sent a written dispute to Experian ("Experian Dispute"), disputing the inaccurate information regarding Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's consumer report.
- On or about June 26, 2023, Plaintiff sent a written dispute to TransUnion 36. ("TransUnion Dispute"), disputing the inaccurate information regarding the Accounts

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reporting on Plaintiff's consumer report.

- 37. Upon information and belief, Equifax, Experian and TransUnion forwarded Plaintiff's Disputes (collectively the "Dispute Letters") to Defendant Firstmark.
- 38. Upon information and belief, Firstmark received notification of Plaintiff's Dispute Letters from Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion.
- 39. Upon information and belief, Firstmark verified the erroneous information associated with the Accounts to Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion.
- 40. Firstmark failed to conduct an investigation, contact Plaintiff, contact third-parties, or review underlying account information with respect to the disputed information and the accuracy of the Accounts.
- 41. Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion each did not conduct an investigation, contact Plaintiff, contact third-parties, or review underlying account information with respect to the disputed information and the accuracy of the Accounts.
- 42. Upon information and belief, Firstmark failed to instruct Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion to remove the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's consumer reports.
- 43. Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion employed an investigation process that was not reasonable and did not remove the false information regarding the Accounts identified in Plaintiff's Dispute Letters.
- 44. At no point after receiving the Dispute Letters did Firstmark, Equifax, Experian, or TransUnion communicate with Plaintiff to determine the veracity and extent of Plaintiff's Dispute Letters.
- 45. Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion relied on their own judgment and the information provided to them by Firstmark rather than grant credence to the information provided by Plaintiff.
- 46. The Plaintiff was denied credit and/or refrained from needed credit applications due to the erroneous information associated with the Accounts.
 - 47. Plaintiff has lost time working to resolve the adverse information associated

with the Account to prevent harm.

COUNT I - EXPERIAN

FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT VIOLATION – 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b)

- 48. Plaintiff re-alleges and reaffirms the above paragraphs 1-47 as though fully set forth herein.
- 49. After receiving the Experian Dispute, Experian failed to correct the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's Experian consumer report.
- 50. Defendant Experian violated 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b) by failing to establish or to follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy in the preparation of the credit reports and credit files Defendant Experian published and maintained concerning Plaintiff.
- 51. As a result of this conduct, action and inaction of Defendant Experian, Plaintiff suffered damage, and continues to suffer, actual damages, including economic loss, damage to reputation, emotional distress, and interference with Plaintiff's normal and usual activities for which Plaintiff seeks damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.
- 52. Defendant Experian's conduct, action, and inaction were willful, rendering Defendant Experian liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n.
- 53. In the alternative, Defendant Experian was negligent, entitled Plaintiff to recover damages under 15 U.S.C. §1681o.
- 54. Plaintiff is entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees from Defendant Experian, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n and/or §1681o.

COUNT II - EXPERIAN

FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT VIOLATION – 15 U.S.C. §1681i

55. Plaintiff re-alleges and reaffirms the above paragraphs 1-47 as though fully

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set forth herein.

- 56. After receiving the Experian Dispute, Experian failed to correct the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's Experian consumer report.
- 57. Defendant Experian violated 15 U.S.C. §1681i by failing to delete inaccurate information in Plaintiff's credit files after receiving actual notice of such inaccuracies, by failing to conduct lawful reinvestigations, and by failing to maintain reasonable procedures with which to filter and verify disputed information in Plaintiff's credit files.
- 58. As a result of this conduct, action and inaction of Defendant Experian, Plaintiff suffered damage, and continues to suffer, actual damages, including economic loss, damage to reputation, emotional distress and interference with Plaintiff's normal and usual activities for which Plaintiff seeks damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.
- 59. Defendant Experian's conduct, action, and inaction were willful, rendering Defendant liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n.
- 60. In the alternative, Defendant Experian was negligent, entitling Plaintiff to recover damages under 15 U.S.C. §1681o.
- 61. Plaintiff is entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees from Defendant Experian pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n and/or §1681o.

<u>Count III – Equifax</u>

FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT VIOLATION – 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b)

- 62. Plaintiff re-alleges and reaffirms the above paragraphs 1-47 as though fully set forth herein.
- 63. After receiving the Equifax Dispute, Equifax failed to correct the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's Equifax consumer report.
 - 64. Defendant Equifax violated 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b) by failing to establish or

to follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy in the preparation of the credit reports and credit files Defendant Equifax published and maintained concerning Plaintiff.

- 65. As a result of this conduct, action and inaction of Defendant Equifax, Plaintiff suffered damage, and continues to suffer, actual damages, including economic loss, damage to reputation, emotional distress, and interference with Plaintiff's normal and usual activities for which Plaintiff seeks damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.
- 66. Defendant Equifax's conduct, action, and inaction were willful, rendering Defendant Equifax liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n.
- 67. In the alternative, Defendant Equifax was negligent, entitled Plaintiff to recover damages under 15 U.S.C. §1681o.
- 68. Plaintiff is entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees from Defendant Equifax, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n and/or §1681o.

COUNT IV - EQUIFAX

FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT VIOLATION - 15 U.S.C. §1681i

- 69. Plaintiff re-alleges and reaffirms the above paragraphs 1-47 as though fully set forth herein.
- 70. After receiving the Equifax Dispute, Equifax failed to correct the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's Equifax consumer report.
- 71. Defendant Equifax violated 15 U.S.C. §1681i by failing to delete inaccurate information in Plaintiff's credit files after receiving actual notice of such inaccuracies, by failing to conduct lawful reinvestigations, and by failing to maintain reasonable procedures with which to filter and verify disputed information in Plaintiff's credit files.
- 72. As a result of this conduct, action and inaction of Defendant Equifax, Plaintiff suffered damage, and continues to suffer, actual damages, including economic loss, damage to reputation, emotional distress and interference with Plaintiff's normal

and usual activities for which Plaintiff seeks damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.

- 73. Defendant Equifax's conduct, action, and inaction were willful, rendering Defendant liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n.
- 74. In the alternative, Defendant Equifax was negligent, entitling Plaintiff to recover damages under 15 U.S.C. §1681o.
- 75. Plaintiff is entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees from Defendant Equifax pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n and/or §1681o.

COUNT V – TRANSUNION

FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT VIOLATION - 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b)

- 76. Plaintiff re-alleges and reaffirms the above paragraphs 1-47 as though fully set forth herein.
- 77. After receiving the TransUnion Dispute, TransUnion failed to correct the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's TransUnion consumer report.
- 78. Defendant TransUnion violated 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b) by failing to establish or to follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy in the preparation of the credit reports and credit files Defendant TransUnion published and maintained concerning Plaintiff.
- 79. As a result of this conduct, action and inaction of Defendant TransUnion, Plaintiff suffered damage, and continues to suffer, actual damages, including economic loss, damage to reputation, emotional distress, and interference with Plaintiff's normal and usual activities for which Plaintiff seeks damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.
- 80. Defendant TransUnion's conduct, action, and inaction were willful, rendering Defendant TransUnion liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n.

- 81. In the alternative, Defendant TransUnion was negligent, entitled Plaintiff to recover damages under 15 U.S.C. §1681o.
- 82. Plaintiff is entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees from Defendant TransUnion, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n and/or §1681o.

COUNT VI – TRANSUNION

FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT VIOLATION – 15 U.S.C. §1681i

- 83. Plaintiff re-alleges and reaffirms the above paragraphs 1-47 as though fully set forth herein.
- 84. After receiving the TransUnion Dispute, TransUnion failed to correct the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's TransUnion consumer report.
- 85. Defendant TransUnion violated 15 U.S.C. §1681i by failing to delete inaccurate information in Plaintiff's credit files after receiving actual notice of such inaccuracies, by failing to conduct lawful reinvestigations, and by failing to maintain reasonable procedures with which to filter and verify disputed information in Plaintiff's credit files.
- 86. As a result of this conduct, action and inaction of Defendant TransUnion, Plaintiff suffered damage, and continues to suffer, actual damages, including economic loss, damage to reputation, emotional distress and interference with Plaintiff's normal and usual activities for which Plaintiff seeks damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.
- 87. Defendant TransUnion's conduct, action, and inaction were willful, rendering Defendant liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n.
- 88. In the alternative, Defendant TransUnion was negligent, entitling Plaintiff to recover damages under 15 U.S.C. §1681o.
 - 89. Plaintiff is entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees from Defendant

TransUnion pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n and/or §1681o.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

COUNT VII – FIRSTMARK

Fair Credit Reporting Act Violation – 15 U.S.C. §1681s-2(b)

- Plaintiff re-alleges and reaffirms the above paragraphs 1-47 as though fully 90. set forth herein.
- 91. After receiving the Dispute Letters, Firstmark failed to correct the false information regarding the Accounts reporting on Plaintiff's consumer report.
- 92. Defendant violated 15 U.S.C. §1681s-2(b) by failing to fully and properly investigate Plaintiff's disputes of Defendant Firstmark's representations; by failing to review all relevant information regarding Plaintiff's disputes; by failing to accurately respond to credit reporting agencies; by verifying false information; and by failing to permanently and lawfully correct its own internal records to prevent the re-reporting of Defendant Firstmark's representations to consumer credit reporting agencies, among other unlawful conduct.
- 93. As a result of this conduct, action, and inaction of Defendant Firstmark, Plaintiff suffered damages, and continues to suffer, actual damages, including economic loss, damage to reputation, emotional distress, and interference with Plaintiff's normal and usual activities for which Plaintiff seeks damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.
- 94. Defendant Firstmark's conduct, action, and inaction were willful, rendering Defendant liable to Plaintiff for punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n.
- In the alternative, Defendant Firstmark was negligent, entitling Plaintiff to 95. recover damages under 15 U.S.C. §1681o.
- Plaintiff is entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees from Defendant 96. Firstmark pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n and/or 15 U.S.C. §1681o.

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WHEREFORE, Plaintiff seeks a reasonable and fair judgment against Defendants for willful noncompliance of the Fair Credit Reporting Act and seeks statutory remedies as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681 and demands:

- A. Actual damages to be proven at trial, or statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(1)(A), of not less than \$100 and not more than \$1,000 per violation;
- B. Punitive damages, pursuant 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(2), for Defendant's willful violation;
- C. The costs of instituting this action together with reasonable attorney's fees incurred by Plaintiff pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1681n(a)(3); and
- D. Any further legal and equitable relief as the court may deem just and proper in the circumstances.

Respectfully submitted November 20, 2023.

/s/ Esther Oise

Attorney for Plaintiff

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